

The RT7-120VDC/6kW is a 3 phase, active power factor corrected, switched mode rectifier (SMR) module designed to provide up to 6kW of output power (60A limit) into a 120VDC nominal system. This rectifier is primarily used in conjunction with a battery to provide an uninterruptible or standby DC power system, or used as a battery charger. Up to 20 rectifiers can fit in a rack and up to 225 rectifiers can be configured as a system using one control and supervisory unit (CSU). The system can be monitored and controlled remotely using WinCSU software (see CSU specification for more details).

Illustrated is a single rectifier module.



Operating characteristics, RT7-120VDC/6KW at 25°C ambient, 400VAC, 50Hz unless otherwise stated:

### Input

#### Voltage:

Three phase, three wire and Earth 400 +32/-20% VAC (320VAC - 530VAC) Phase to phase delta connection; Tolerable phase imbalance 10% (Measured L-L as defined by IEEE/IEC) Voltage withstand 575VAC line-line indefinitely;

#### **Current:**

13A RMS max line current at 320VAC; 10A RMS line current at 400 VAC; Sinusoidal waveform:

#### Frequency:

45 - 66Hz;

#### **Phase Rotation:**

Insensitive to Phase Rotation

#### **Inrush Current:**

< 16A peak at nominal mains voltage;

#### **Soft Start:**

Output current ramp-up time 8 seconds to 50A;

#### Protection:

HRC fuses at input of SMR; power circuit is turned off if the AC voltage exceeds ~535VAC or falls to less than ~315VAC; unit re-activates when AC voltage is within approximately 340 - 510 VAC; input inrush limiting circuit prevents high surge currents when connecting to a live AC bus;

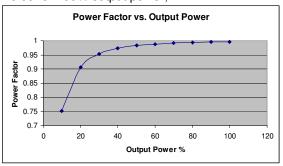
#### **Voltage Withstand Test:**

1500VAC input to chassis for 1 minute; (2200VDC 100% testing on production units);

#### **Power Factor:**

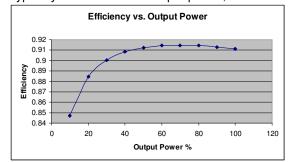
> 0.98 for >50% output power;

> 0.99 for 100% output power;



#### Efficiency:

Typically >91% at > 40% output power;



#### **Harmonic Distortion:**

Current THD < 5% typically at full output power when operated with mains voltage THD < 2%; ( $\pm$ 1% phase imbalance)







### **Output**

#### Voltage:

Float: 100 – 160V Equalise: 110 – 175V

#### **Current Limit:**

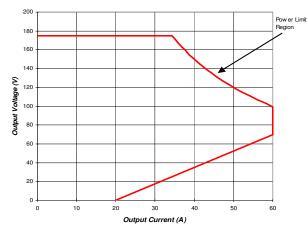
Range 6 - 60A

#### **Power Limit:**

Current limit is automatically reduced in inverse proportion to output voltage above 100VDC to limit output power to 6 kW (min);

Max. current: 60A at 100V

50A at 120V 40A at 150V 34A at 175V



\*60A current limit automatically reduces by 0.6A/°C for heatsink temperatures above 60°C.

#### **Voltage Withstand Test:**

1000VAC output to chassis for 1 minute; (1500VDC 100% testing on production units);

#### **Conversion Frequency:**

>20kHz;

#### Static Regulation:

*Line:* better than  $\pm 0.05\%$ ;

*Load:* terminal voltage drops by  $1.2V \pm 0.1V$  from zero to 50A load (for passive current sharing) for stand-alone units, or regulates to better than  $\pm 0.05\%$  for CSU controlled units;

#### Dynamic Regulation:

- ± 5% for 10% to 90% to 10% step load change;
- ± 1% of final value within 100ms of step change;
- ± 1% for a 25% step change in AC input voltage;

#### Noise:

- < 0.25% RMS ripple V at 120VDC
- < 300mV RMS, < 1.5Vpeak to peak 100Hz-10kHz;
- < 80mV RMS, <320mV peak to peak 10kHz-100MHz:

#### **Load Sharing:**

Better than  $\pm$  5% of full scale with active current sharing from CSU;

#### **Protection:**

Fuse at output of SMR;

Soft start circuit prevents surges when connection is made to a live DC bus;

Overvoltage - only faulty unit shuts down;

Overcurrent - can sustain short circuit at output terminals indefinitely. Output current starts folding back when output voltage drops below 70V to less than 20A at zero terminal voltage;

Over-temperature - gradual reduction of power limit if heatsink temperature exceeds pre-set limit;

#### **Remote Controls**

#### **Equalise Mode:**

Equalise mode is initiated by a signal from the CSU. In case of loss of communication with the controller the SMR will default to the Float mode:

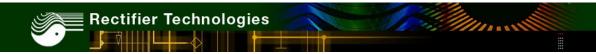
#### **Rectifier Inhibit:**

Rectifiers can be inhibited by a signal from a remote WinCSU terminal, transmitted via the CSU;

#### **External Digital Voltage Control (EDVC):**

The CSU uses the optically coupled communications lines to digitally control rectifier Float and Equalise voltages over a limited voltage range in order to adjust battery voltage for temperature and voltage drop in DC bus, limit the maximum battery recharging current and to achieve active current sharing;





### SMR parameters programmed by CSU

#### In the SMR menu on the CSU:

- Current Limit
- High Voltage Shut-Down (HVSD)
- High Voltage Alarm
- Low Voltage Alarm
- Latched Fault Reset

#### In the Battery menu on CSU:

- Float Voltage
- Equalise Voltage

#### Test Function: (when activated on CSU)

Test function causes all rectifier LEDs to flash.

### **Alarms and Monitoring**

#### Front Panel LED condition table:

Green	Yellow	Red	Condition
Off	Off	Off	No AC power
Blink	Off	Off	Primary power bad
ON	Off	Off	Normal
ON	Flash	Off	Alarm
ON	ON	Off	Equalise
Off	Flash	ON	Shutdown
Flash	Flash	Flash	Firmware upload

**Primary**power bad:
Indicates the input AC is too low or too high, or the primary circuit is faulty;

Normal: Status is normal;
Alarm: See Alarm table;

**Equalise:** SMR is in equalise mode;

Shutdown: SMR is shut down by remote control, or

due to environmental conditions, or there is an internal control circuit fault;

#### SMR status monitoring:

CSU and WinCSU monitor status of the SMR:

- Output current of SMR;
- · Temperature of heatsink of SMR;
- SMR alarms;

#### **Current:**

Monitored on CSU and WinCSU with 1A resolution; Analogue measurement accuracy ± 1% at full load; 12 level bar-graph display on rectifier;

#### Voltage:

System voltage normally displayed on CSU alphanumeric display. Accuracy ± 0.5%

#### SMR address:

The SMR address is automatically set by resistors in the magazine

#### SMR alarm monitoring:

The table shows alarm conditions that are monitored by the SMR and are displayed on both CSU and WinCSU. The mnemonics listed here appear on WinCSU, but full alarm description appears on CSU;

Vh	Output voltage too high			
VI	Output voltage too low			
II	Unit is in current limit			
Po	Unit is in power limit			
Th	Heatsink temperature high and thermal limit is active			
Lo	Low output current (less than 1A)			
Ма	Operating parameters out of range (or EEPROM fault)			
No Response	SMR communication fault. Generated within CSU			
Sd * Unit is shut down by remote command - user shutdown				
Mr *	Internal voltage reference faulty			
Vs *	High voltage shut down (output), latched alarm. User setting or fault			
Unit Off *	Unit is shut down due to AC out of range (normal operation) or SMR primary circuit fault.			
NC *	SMR incorrectly inserted into the magazine			
Ff *	Fan failure			
TI **	Low temperature (below -25°C)			
Oh * Overheat (heatsink temp. > 95				
Ts *	Temperature sensor fault			
Rs *	Resonance on primary converter			
Dc *	DC-DC converter feedback fault, latched alarm			

Notes: \* indicates unit shut-down, \*\* shut-down below -28°C





#### **Environmental**

**Environmental Class (EN 300 019):** 

Operational: Class 3.3 (Stationary Use at Non-Temperature-Controlled Locations)

Transport: Class 2.3

Class 2.3 (Public Transportation)

Storage: Class 1.2 (Weather Protected Non-Temperature-Controlled Locations)

Cooling:

Forced convection cooling using 80mm fans with variable speed temperature control and finger guards. Fans stop if AC power fails or rectifier

inhibited remotely;

Temperature:

Operating range:  $-25 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+70 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$  Full power range:  $-25 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+50 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Derated operation: 50% power at  $+70^{\circ}$ C Storage:  $-25^{\circ}$ C to  $+60^{\circ}$ C

Transport:  $-40 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+70 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

The rectifier senses its internal heat-sink temperature and, if necessary, adjusts power limit in order to protect itself against over-heating;

**Humidity:** 

Class 3.3: 0 to 100% RH condensing including

dripping water and icing conditions

Altitude:

Operational to 4000m.(Consult factory above 4km)

Derate maximum ambient temperature by 5°C per 1000m above sea level.

Vibration:

Operational: 1.5mm displacement 2-9Hz,

5m/s<sup>2</sup> acceleration 9-200Hz, Continuous, any direction.

Transport: 3.5mm displacement 2-9Hz, (packaged) 10m/s<sup>2</sup> acceleration 9-200Hz,

15m/s<sup>2</sup> acceleration 200-500Hz,

One hour, any direction.

Shocks:

Operational: 40m/s<sup>2</sup> half sine, 11ms duration,

Any direction

*Transport:* 180m/s<sup>2</sup> half sine, 6ms duration,

(packaged) Any direction

**Drop Test:** 

Transport: 0.8m drop when packaged

#### Mechanical

Size: Magazine size:

Width: The RT7-120V/6KW magazine is installed in a 441mm (17.35")standard 600mm (23.6") deep 19-inch rack and Height: 86mm (2U) (3.40") Depth: 458mm (18.03")takes up 2U of height. No height needs to be left Mass: < 19kg (42 lb) at the top and bottom of the rack.

Acoustic Noise: < 55dB (A Weighted)

## Connections

#### Input, Output, and Communications:

Connectors are mounted on the back of the rectifier module; with matching connectors located at the back of the magazine; mating of connectors occurs when unit is plugged into the magazine; the rectifier is mechanically secured to ensure reliable mating.



### RT7-120VDC/6kW dimensions:

